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How Maintenance is Essential to Energy Saving





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Objectives

- Food Refrigeration & Process Engineering Research Centre Brunel UNIVERSITY WEST LONDON SOUTH BANK UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY Sunderland
- Identify chilling and refrigeration equipment maintenance (Benchmark)
- Identify 4-8 companies for in-depth investigation into:
 - Maintenance strategy development
 - <u>availability</u> (actual operating time),
 - <u>efficiency</u> (running temperatures)
- Identify barriers to development and implementation of new maintenance strategy
- Examine case study evidence to support the need for a new maintenance strategy
- Produce report to outline the link between inappropriate maintenance and energy consumption.

Results from data collection and analysis



- Predominantly reactive maintenance
- Little or no planned maintenance activities
- Costs of maintenance (planned or unplanned) not recorded
- Energy consumption not recorded
- Space utilisation is poor (increased running costs including maintenance costs)

Barriers to maintenance strategy development

- BRISTOL
 Food Refrigeration & Process Engineering
 Research Centre
 Brunely
 UNIVERSITY
 LONDON
 SOUTH BANK
 UNIVERSITY
 University of
 Sounderland
 Content of Source Statement
- Lack of finance
- Lack of time to develop and implement new initiatives
- Lack of skilled engineers and equipment operators
- NEW cost effective strategy required

Energy Efficiency in Refrigeration

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• Role of Maintenance

- Cost savings of 50% or more can be achieved by ensuring that your refrigeration plant is well maintained. Improved reliability also reduces the chance of systems breaking down. (Carbon Trust)
- Reduce costs
- Reduce energy consumption
- Improved Health and Safety



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Maintenance Issues

- The major efficiency problem is loss of coolant
- This has other environmental side effects:
 - Many refrigerants are greenhouse gases, some are far more potent than Carbon dioxide.

Condition Monitoring Technologies



- Thermal camera
 - For observing heat loss
- Vibration sensors
 - For monitoring the condition of bearings etc
- Temperature sensors
 - For measuring whether the system is operating within its optimal parameters

Case Study



- Carried out at an indoor skating arena in Madison, Wisconsin.
- Loss of refrigerant in one of the two banks led to a drop in performance of approximately 33%

Case Study – solution



- Add a monitoring system to record:
 - Refrigerant pressure
 - Operation of the relief valves
- Total cost of proposed system in case study system would be \$420
- The installation cost is assumed to be approximately \$2000
- Net savings with the system based on the problems which occurred were estimated at \$7439

Case Study 2



- Stonyfield Farms Yogurt.
- A controller regulates the set points of the compressor based on load.
- This resulted in annual cost savings in the region of \$2000.

Other factors affecting performance



- Compressor Performance
- Condenser Performance
- Evaporator Performance

Compressor Performance



- Compressor power consumption can be affected by:
 - Refrigerant temperature
 - Condensing pressure
- Monitoring the refrigerant temperature and pressure provides a picture of the current operating condition of the compressor.

Condenser Performance



- The key issue in condenser efficiency is selecting the correct specification for the task
- Efficiency can, however, be maintained by keeping condensers free of hard water and bacterial build up

Evaporator Performance



- Evaporator efficiency can be maintained by keeping fin blocks and tubes clean and adequately defrosted.
- Optimising the frequency and timing of defrost cycles can achieved substantial energy savings.

Summary



- Better monitoring and maintenance planning can reap substantial benefits:
 - Energy efficiency
 - Better reliability
 - Less leakage of greenhouse gasses